

A close-up, low-angle shot of a golden wheat field. The wheat stalks are in sharp focus in the foreground, with a soft, warm glow from the sun in the background, creating a bokeh effect. The overall color palette is warm, dominated by yellows, oranges, and browns.

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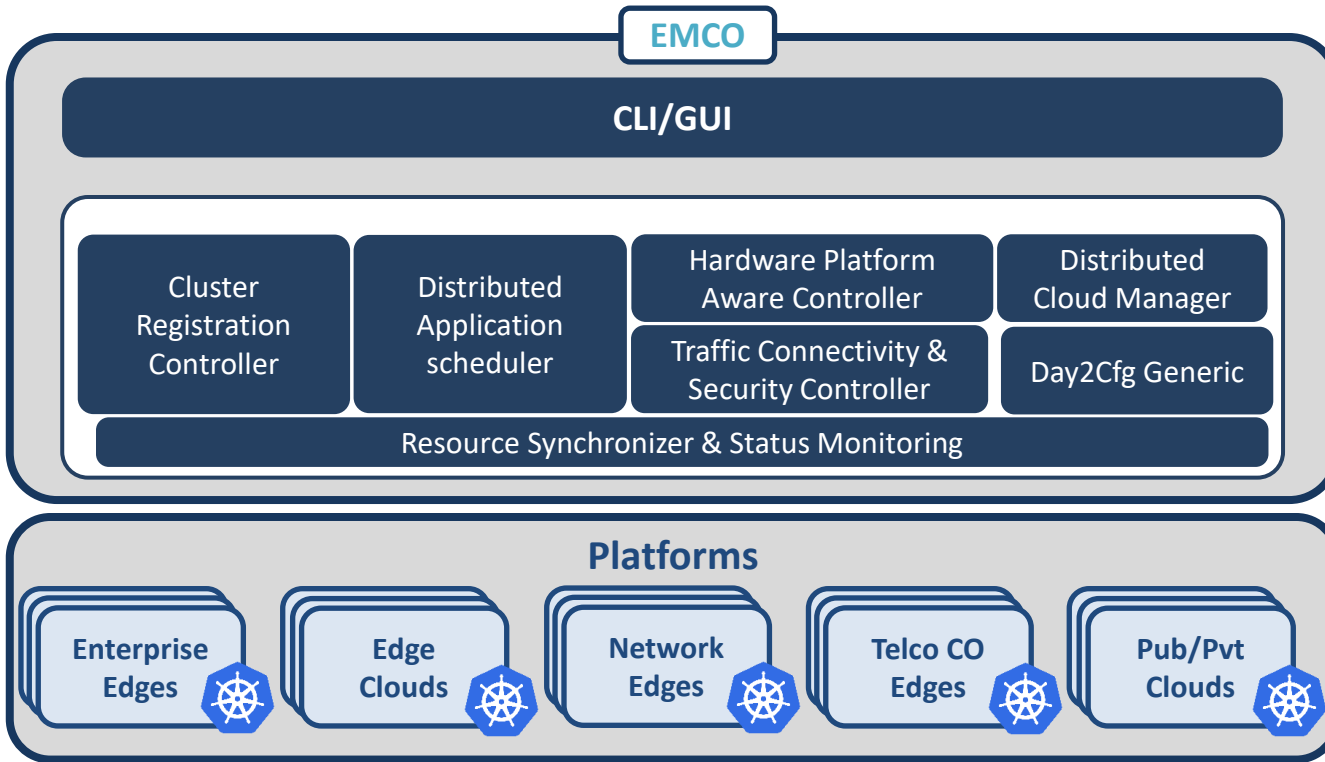
EMCO: Logical Clouds

Distributed Cloud Manager

Igor D.C. *@igordcard @igordc*

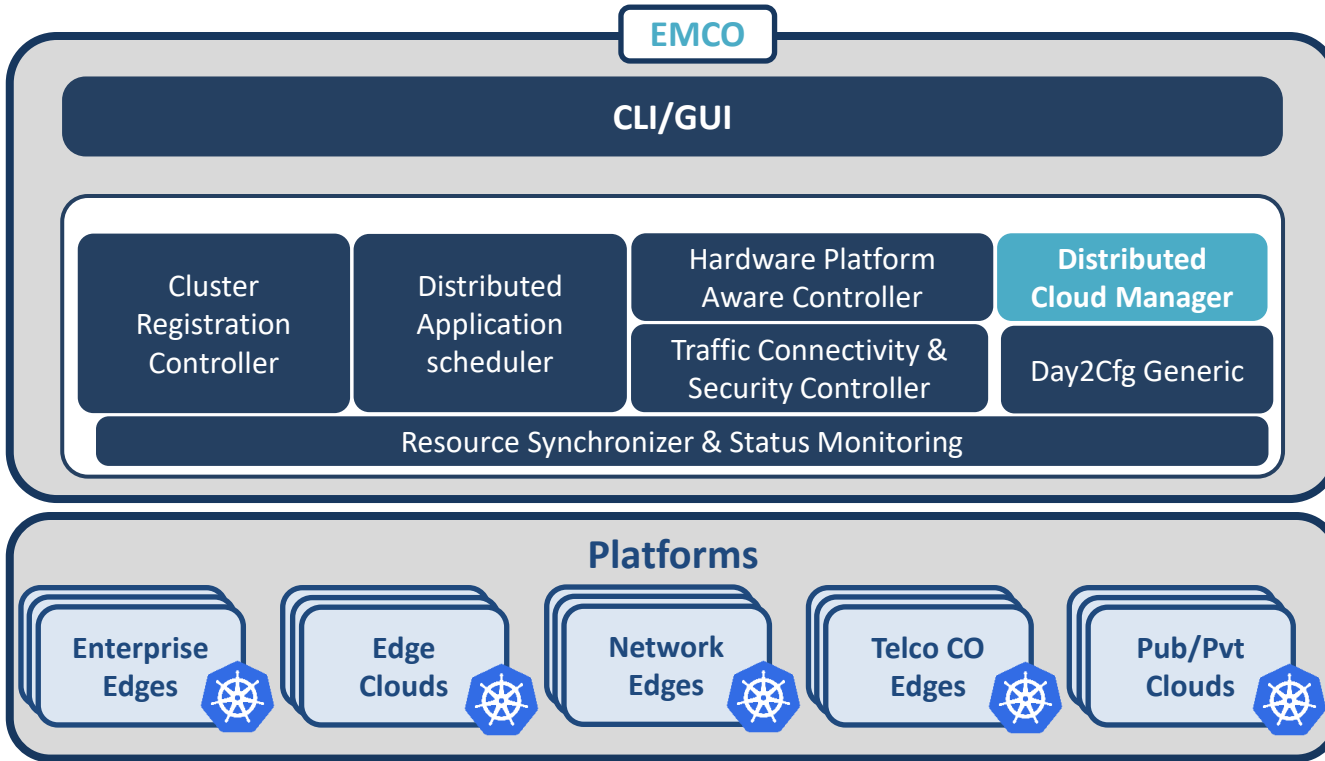
Ritu Sood

From the EMCO overview earlier



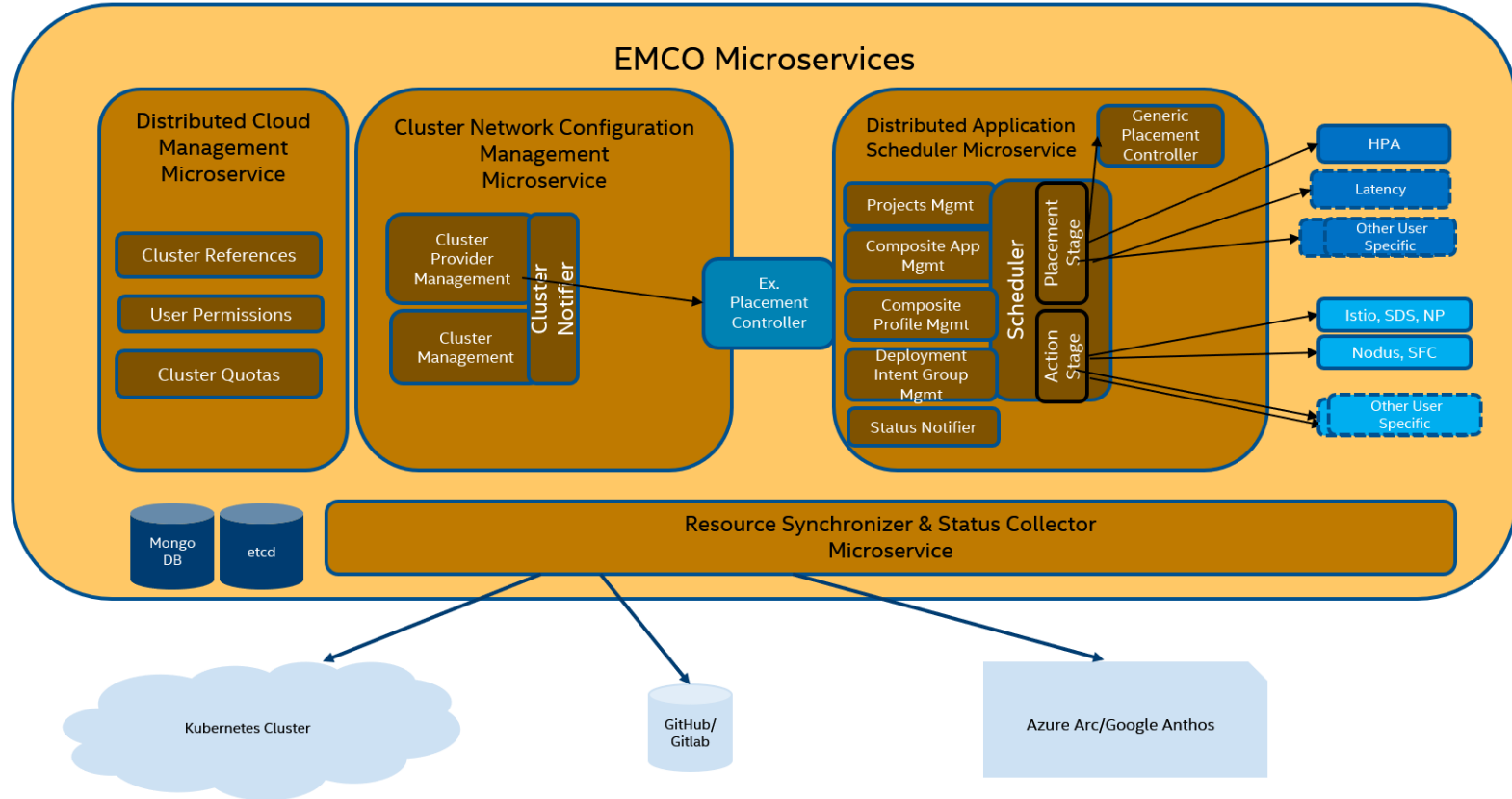
- **Cluster Registration Controller** registers clusters by cluster owners
- **Distributed Application Scheduler** provides simplified, and extensible placement; tenant mgmt; LCM implementation
- **Hardware Platform Aware Controller** enables scheduling with auto-discovery of platform features/ capabilities; Others: Cost, Power Savings, Latency aware... (WIP)
- **Distributed Cloud Manager** presents a single logical cloud from multiple edges
- **Traffic Connectivity controller** auto-configure service mesh (ISTIO) and security policy (NAT, firewall), DNS and SLB entities of edges - WIP
- **Day2 generic configuration** configures Day2 configuration of any app/network function via templates & configs - WIP
- **Resource Synchronizer & Monitoring** synchronizes resources across multiple edge/cloud platforms and then monitors the status of deployed resources

From the EMCO overview earlier

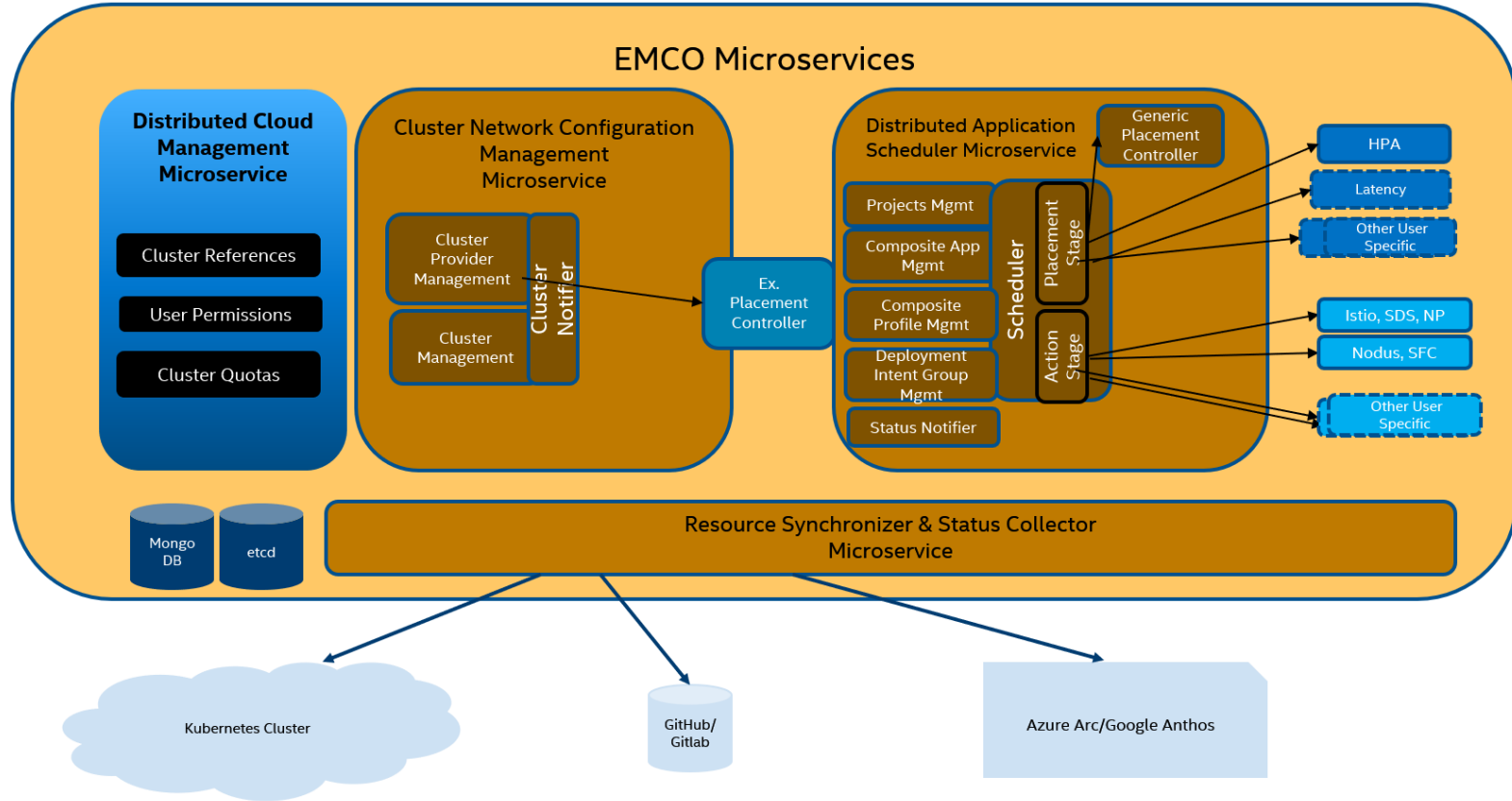


- **Distributed Cloud Manager** presents a single logical cloud from multiple edges

From the EMCO overview earlier



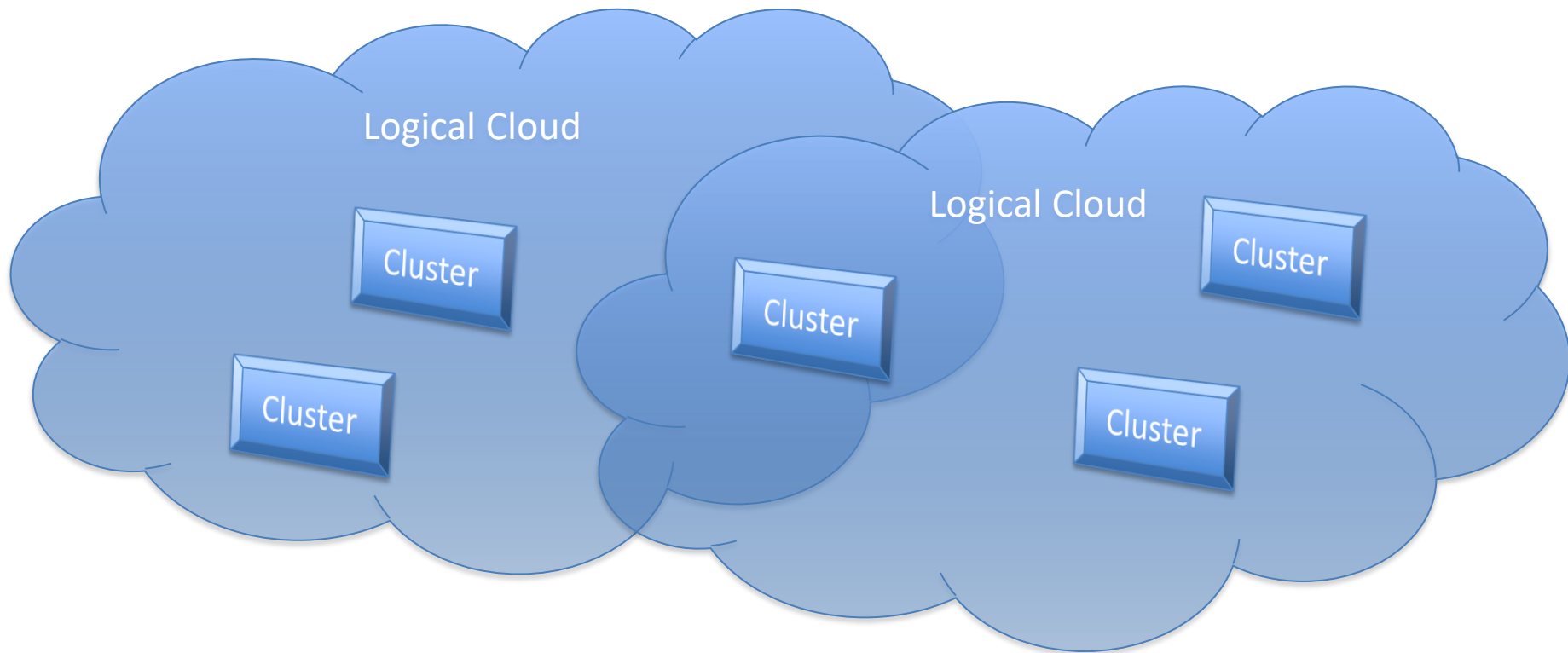
From the EMCO overview earlier



Distributed Cloud Manager (DCM)

- DCM provides:
 - The ability to instantiate Logical Clouds,
i.e. clouds of clouds.
(clouds spanning multiple clusters)

Logical Clouds



Distributed Cloud Manager (DCM)

- DCM is one of the key microservices in EMCO.
- Logical Clouds - collections of clusters.
 - Geographically disperse
- Multitenancy support.
- Abstraction layer for different Cluster APIs.

Main DCM API paths

- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/cluster-references`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/cluster-references/CR/kubeconfig`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/cluster-quotas`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/user-permissions`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/apply`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/terminate`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/status`
- `/projects/PROJECT/logical-clouds/LC/stop`

Types of Logical Clouds

- Administrative
- Standard
- Privileged

- Directly connect the K8s* clusters using credentials provided by the cluster manager microservice.
- Essentially using the default namespace to deploy any resource/application (including additional namespaces).

** assumes K8s clusters*

- Resources are installed in the K8s* clusters, starting with Namespace, to create a “partition” of the cluster (and between the clusters) to be used by EMCO.
- Limited applications can be deployed due to constrained access privileges.

** assumes K8s clusters*

- Structure-wise, same as a Standard Logical Cloud.
- However, access privileges are associated to the Logical Cloud (at the namespace and cluster levels), as well as towards other namespaces.
- This allows for a significantly wider range of applications that can be deployed.

** assumes K8s clusters*

Example of a Logical Cloud

```
metadata:  
  name: permission1  
spec:  
  namespace: mynamespace  
  apiGroups:  
  - ""  
  - "apps"  
  - "k8splugin.io"  
  resources:  
  - secrets  
  - pods  
  - configmaps  
  - services  
  - deployments  
  - resourcebundlestates  
  verbs:  
  - get  
  - watch  
  - list  
  - create  
  - delete
```

User Permission API resource

(defining this resource automatically promotes the Logical Cloud from **Standard** to **Privileged**)

Example of a Logical Cloud

metadata:

name: myquota

spec:

limits.cpu: '400'

limits.memory: 1000Gi

requests.cpu: '300'

requests.memory: 900Gi

requests.storage: 500Gi

requests.ephemeral-storage: '500'

limits.ephemeral-storage: '500'

persistentvolumeclaims: '500'

Pods: '500'

configmaps: '1000'

replicationcontrollers: '500'

resourcequotas: '500'

services: '500'

services.loadbalancers: '500'

services.nodeports: '500'

secrets: '500'

count/replicationcontrollers: '500'

Cluster Quota API resource

Example of a Logical Cloud

```
metadata:  
  name: lccluster1  
spec:  
  clusterProvider: cp1  
  cluster: cp1-1
```

Cluster Reference API resource
(two of them)

```
metadata:  
  name: lccluster2  
spec:  
  clusterProvider: cp1  
  cluster: cp1-2
```

Example of a Logical Cloud

```
metadata:  
  name: myprivilegedcloud  
spec:  
  namespace: mynamespace  
  labels:  
    x: y  
    team: dev  
user:  
  userName: user-1  
  type: certificate
```

Logical Cloud API resource

Demo environment



(1st destination cluster)
"cluster01"



(2nd destination cluster)
"cluster02"



(EMCO services running on tmux)
"frostcanyon"



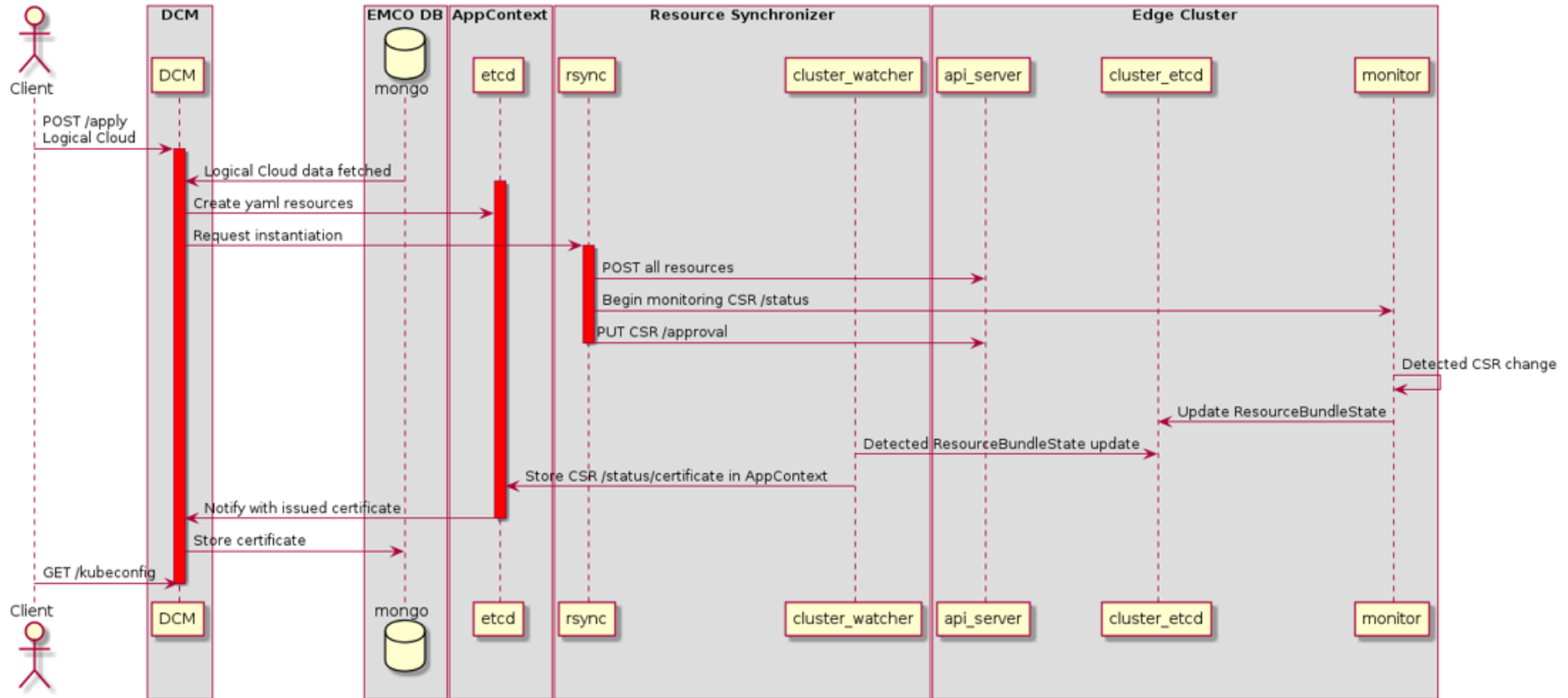
My machine

DEMO

<see recording>

CSR approval workflow

DCM



(slide added after the session)

- Supporting more cluster backends (GitOps, etc.)
- Updating logical cloud details: add/remove cluster, permissions, quotas, etc.
- Up to full feature parity with using a K8s cluster directly (such as via kubectl).

Questions

<see recording>

Thank you!

- The EMCO development team at Intel 😊

<https://project-emco.io/>

<https://gitlab.com/project-emco/core/emco-base>

<https://wiki.lfnetworking.org/display/EMCO/Welcome+to+the+EMCO+Wiki>