5G & PNF Use Cases for R7 GuiLin

• ONAP 5G Use Case Team
• ONAP Subcommittee Meeting Virtual (Apr 21-23, 2020)

ONAP 5G Use Case Team (Presenters / Ben Cheung, Vimal Begwani)

Apr 22, 2020 version 5
## R7 Guilin 5G USE CASE SUMMARY

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>5G USE CASE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>Req vs U/C</th>
<th>5G Specific</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BULK PM – PM control</td>
<td>PM data collection control provides a dynamic and efficient way to configure performance measurement collection on a selected subset of xNFs and complements the existing PM data collection and processing capabilities.</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>General</td>
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<tr>
<td>OOF - SON (5G)</td>
<td>Optimization and SON functions for 5G RAN. Self-optimization, Self-Healing, Self-configuration.</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>5G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5G SERVICE MODELING &amp; DEFINITION (5G)</td>
<td>Defining and modeling a 5G Service (in Design Time) and associated Modeling (Platform Info &amp; Data Model).</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>5G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONFIGURATION &amp; PERSISTENCY SERVICE</td>
<td>Configuration Persistency Service using internal Database for storing Network related data for use in LCM, OSS, Network, Operational applications.</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xNF LICENSING MANAGEMENT</td>
<td>Continue xNF License Management UC analysis for xNF onboarding, PNF introduction/ONAP PnP and VNF instantiation. Bring in new UCs like usage monitoring for the purpose of invoicing.</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOBILITY STANDARDS HARMONIZATION / CM Notification</td>
<td>Introducing the capability to receive, validate and process standards defined notifications encapsulated in VES events in ONAP. Also with A1 Adaptor extension.</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5G NRM (CM)</td>
<td>5G Network Resource Model introducing Configuration Management (CM Updates) using RESTful (HTTPS) Interface (instead of NetConf).</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>5G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NETWORK SLICING (5G Use Case)</td>
<td>Network Slicing defines Slices for 5G RAN systems. Network Slicing is a long-lead (multi-release) development. (will be presented in its own lecture at the Virtual Face to Face)</td>
<td>E2E Use Case</td>
<td>5G</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5G SERVICE CREATION & MODELING in R7 Guilin

RAN Network Elements

- Antenna
- RF
- DU RAU
- CU
- CPRI
- RAP
- RU
- DU
- CU

RU – Remote Radio Unit
DU – Distributed Unit (5G Base Unit)
CU – Centralized Unit

Core Network Elements

- Disaggregated Core
  - UPF
  - SMF
  - UDM
  - AUSF
  - AMF

UPF – User Plane Function
SMF – Session Management Function
UDM – Unified Data Management Function
AUSF – Authentication Service Function

RAN Network Elements

- DU RAU
- CU
- DU (VNF)
- UPF (VNF)
- AMF (VNF)

Core Network Elements

- NF/DU #1
  - Conn Pt #1
- NF/DU #n
  - Conn Pt #n
- NF/CU #1
  - Conn Pt #3

Virtual Link

Resources

5G SERVICE
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - This requirement introduces platform information model enhancements to document new ISOMII experimental classes from 3GPP TS28.541, the 5G Network Resource Model (NRM).

BUSINESS IMPACT - The requirement, is a critical because it will serve to lay the ground-work for actually "turning on" a real 5G DU (PNF) that might be installed by a Vendor.

BUSINESS MARKETS - This project applies to any domain (wireless, transport, optical, and wireline) that ONAP may manage.

FUNDING/FINANCIAL IMPACTS - Without the groundwork laid down for information model management of a 5G Service, operators will not be able to "turn on" a real live 5G network using "live" PNF resources. No Network. No Business. High OPEX impact.

ORGANIZATION MGMT, SALES STRATEGIES - There is no additional organizational management or sales strategies for this use case outside of a service providers "normal" ONAP deployment and its attendant organizational resources from a service provider.
This Use Case will introduce support for 5G Service creation and modeling necessary to create a 5G service, and support an actual 5G PNF (Distributed Unit) in the field in order to have it come on-line and setup first call.

https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/R7+5G+Service+Modeling

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<tr>
<th>R7 CANDIDATE ENHANCEMENTS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Modelling S/C</td>
<td>Evolution of Platform Info &amp; Data model in support of 5G Service Service from 3GPP TS28.540 and TS28.541 5G NRM standards for modeling a service (might need alignment). Platform data/information model. To introduce one object from the 3GPP TS28.541. even if it is ISOMII Experimental</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Bulk PM – PM Control

- PM Control/“PM Control plane” in ONAP has been introduced in Rel 6 to complete Bulk PM use case enabling configuration of PM jobs/subscriptions on xNFs.

- PM consumers can conveniently define PM subscriptions on (sub)network-level, thereby configuring PM on a set (small or large) of xNF instances in a single subscription. Different consumers to manage their own subscriptions, independently of each other.
Bulk PM – PM Control for R7 Guilin

PM data collection control provides 5G network operators with a dynamic and more efficient way to configure performance measurement collection on a selected subset of PNFs/VNFs in the network and complements the existing PM data collection and processing capabilities in ONAP/DCAE. An initial version has been delivered in Rel 6 (5G / Bulk PM / PM Control - REQ-129). Planned enhancements for Rel 7 intend to further increase the capability and the dynamicity of this feature.

Key Contacts: Michela Bevilacqua (Ericsson), Mark Scott (Ericsson)

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<tr>
<td>DCAE</td>
<td>Improve usability of PMSH instantiation with CLAMP integration and enhanced Policy support. Support for additional A&amp;AI parameters to allow more flexible filtering. Support dynamic modification of subscriptions. Error handling improvements and logging enhancement to comply with DCAE guidelines. Enable PMSH to support N subscriptions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5G Self-Organizing Network using OOF in R7 Guilin

- **Query to allocate PCI for new cell (optional)**

- **PCI enhancements**
- **ANR function**

- **FM/PM Collector and Database**
- **Simulated RAN**
  - ~2000 Cells
  - Nbr_list, PCI values
- **FM/PM Data**
## Key areas for requirements & functions for SON/OOF in R7

| **O-RAN alignment (VES, O1 interface)** | Receive Configuration Management (CM) notifications over VES (instead of netconf) |
| **RAN Database (Runtime Config DB), including any new RAN models** | 1. Data models/DB schema and APIs to be generated from yang models; 2. Details of cells to be stored with PNF reference in AAI 2. Modeling of RAN functions and objects |
| **Control Loop Coordination (CLC) extensions** | Collaborate on CLC extensions (queueing, priority, …) |
| **Integration of SON and PNF onboarding functions** | 1. New cell(s) addition – extension to PNF onboarding & registration scenario, addition of new cell later to a PNF 2. Initial assignment of PCI to a cell |
| **New SON function to evolve ONAP platform** | 1. SON based on data/KPI analysis; 2. CLC interaction and 3. Machine Learning (ML) aspects in DCAE |
| **SON Lifecycle** | Role of SO, SDC, CLAMP (for SON service/feature deployment) |
| **Real gNB interaction** | Interaction with real gNB in lab |

## TBD

## R7 ENHANCEMENTS | IMPACT
--- | ---
**OOF** | • Optimization enhancements  
**SD-N-R** | • Enhance Yang model to align with 3GPP and O-RAN  
**Data models/DB schema and APIs to be generated from yang models; 2. Details of cells to be stored with PNF reference in AAI**  
**Modeling of RAN functions and objects**  
**DCAE** | • SON based on data/KPI analysis; 2. CLC interaction and 3. Machine Learning (ML) aspects in DCAE  
**POLICY** | • Collaborate on CLC extensions (queueing, priority, …); 2. Enhancements to Frankfurt implementation related to SON Control loops  
**SO** | • PNF onboarding & registration scenario, addition of new cell later to a PNF  
**Trigger OOF for assignment of PCI to a new cell**  
**CPS (Configuration & Persistency Service)** | • Data models/DB schema and APIs to be generated from yang models  
**Details of cells to be stored in CPS, along with reference to PNF in AAI**  
**Modeling of RAN functions and objects**  
**RAN-Simulators** | • CM-Notify sending over VES, reporting of necessary PM/FM data
Executive Summary - Continue use case analysis for xNF License Management and derive any requirements to ONAP. The aim is for ONAP to support various types (simple, complex, vendor specific) commercial licensing models and use cases. These will be reflected as multiple, optional solutions for ONAP. The use cases we started with include xNF onboarding, PNF introduction/ONAP PnP, VNF instantiation. Further use cases to be analyzed, eg. usage monitoring for the purpose of invoicing. Based on agreed use cases review relevant ONAP xNF requirements. Possible SW contributions, eg. in SDC, as well as enhancement of ONAP architecture sequence diagrams.

Business Impact - xNF License Management is a critical business function. Agreed use cases should allow ONAP to flexibly support commercial licensing models.

Business Markets – The requirement applies to any domain (wireless, transport, optical, wireline) that ONAP will manage. It is not a market specific function.

Funding/Financial Impacts - The use case is fundamental for supporting efficiently business agreements between the operator and the vendor.
Continue use case analysis for xNF License Management and derive any requirements to ONAP. The aim is for ONAP to support various types (simple, complex, vendor specific) commercial licensing models and use cases. These will be reflected as multiple, optional solutions for ONAP. The use cases we started with include xNF onboarding, PNF introduction/ONAP PnP, VNF instantiation. Further use cases to be analyzed, eg. usage monitoring for the purpose of invoicing. Based on agreed use cases review relevant ONAP xNF requirements. Possible SW contributions, eg. in SDC, as well as enhancement of ONAP architecture sequence diagrams.

Key Contacts: Samuli Kuusela (Ericsson), Timo Perala (Nokia)

### R7 CANDIDATE ENHANCEMENTS

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SDC</td>
<td>Review and Evaluate xNF Licensing Management enabling multiple optional solutions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Architecture</td>
<td>Define an architecture that support various types (simple, complex, vendor specific) of commercial licensing models and use cases. It will be reflected as multiple optional solutions for ONAP platform</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VNF-RQTS</td>
<td>Review existing and defining new requirements in the VNF-RQTS project related to the xNF Licensing Management architecture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plug and Play</td>
<td>Introduce xNF Licensing Distribution in PnP Use case</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Logical Architecture of O-RAN—ONAP as O-RAN compliant SMO

ONAP is concerned with O1, O2 and A1 interfaces ONLY.
### Mobility Standards Harmonization – Standards Defined Event in VES

**Guilin Enhancements**

1. Introduce the ability to receive and route events defined by a standards organization (3GPP, IETF etc.) encapsulated in a VES event to an appropriate DMaaP topic.
2. Provide the optional capability to provide a second stage of validation within DCAE prior to the DCAE responding to the NF to validate the contents of the event against valid schema defined by the standards organization.
3. The first use case supported will be the processing of 3GPP defined notifications defined in TS 28.532 encapsulated in VES events.

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<tr>
<td>Add a new domain in DCAE/VES Event Listener, to identify that the data carried in the event is defined by a standards organization. Add a field in the VES Common Header to further identify the routing path for the event.</td>
<td>Additional domain supported in the ENUM in DCAE. VES specification updates to document the new domain. To properly identify this event this enhancement would also introduce a new field in the VES Common Header to facilitate the proper routing of the event. The allowed content of this field would be specified by the standards organization that defined the notification and would not be part of the requirements in the VES specification. The VES specification would provide a reference to the document that contains the standardized information to be populated in that field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide second stage validation of the data carried in the proposed stdDefinedFields structure of the event.</td>
<td>Introduce a schema broker in DCAE that will contain valid standards defined JSON schemas that can be used to validate the data in the standards defined event. Propose to extend existing DCAE CBS component to store valid, standards defined JSON schemas. Propose to extend existing DCAE components to allow for a second stage of validation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Executive Summary - This requirement enhances the A1 adapter/interface capabilities provided in Rel 6 as part of 5G/ORAN & 3GPP Standards Harmonization requirement (REQ-38). O-RAN has defined A1 interface specification in the context of the management of 5G RAN elements to provide intent based policies for optimization of the RAN network performance. Planned enhancements for Rel 7 include additional support for managing A1 Policies, multiple A1 targets in the RAN, multi-version support for different A1 targets, and secure TLS communication.

Business Impact - Continuing the convergency between ONAP and ORAN initiated in Rel 6, A1 interface can be used by all service providers and avoid duplicate development effort.

Business Markets - Enhanced A1 capabilities, once developed, will be useable by any service provider deploying and using ONAP.

Funding/Financial Impacts - A1 interface provides a flexible way for the operator to manage wide area RAN network optimization, reducing capex investment needs.
O-RAN has defined A1 interface specification in the context of the management of 5G RAN elements to provide intent based policies for optimization of the RAN network performance. This requirement enhances the A1 adapter/interface capabilities provided in Rel 6 as part of 5G/ORAN & 3GPP Standards Harmonization requirement (REQ-38) introducing in ONAP a function for manipulating, maintaining and managing A1 Policies in the RAN network as well as terminating A1 application protocol in ONAP. Planned enhancements for Rel 7 include additional support for managing A1 Policies, multiple A1 targets in the RAN, multi-version support for different A1 targets, and secure TLS communication. Key Contacts: Michela Bevilacqua (Ericsson), John Keeney (Ericsson)

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<tr>
<td>A1 Adaptor Extension</td>
<td>Take advantage of the A1 adapter evolution progress in OSC Manage A1 policies Enable the support of multiple A1 targets and multiple versions Introduce a secure TLS communication and integrate certificate handling in line with ONAP CMPv2 solution.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5G Network Resource Model (NRM) in R7 Guilin

Design-Time

Vendor

Operator

Service Design & Creation (SDC)
- Service/xNF Design
- Controller Design Studio (UI)

Run-Time

VID/UI

Service Orchestration (SO)

Active & Available Inventory (AAI)

Self Service API

Blueprint processor

Executor

(1) (2) (3) (4)

Restful

5G Generic Provisioning MnS Provider
## New Use Case

1) This use case introduces 5G NRM Configuration Management using a RESTful/HTTPS protocol (instead of NetConf). Certainly some corresponding work need to be done in Integration, such as the provisioning MnS provider (Simulator) and documentation. Good news is we complete all implementation and test cases (tested via CLI, actually that is CDS self-service API).

## TBD

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SO</td>
<td>Add new NRM related data types, corresponding PNF packages and BPMN enhancements as well Use several NR NRM IOCs for demonstrations and enhance the PNFD model BPMN support for NRM configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO</td>
<td>Support SO service/instance management API for NRM configuration Modify or Add additional SO NB APIs Define corresponding NRM IOCs in SO and BBs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - The RunTime Configuration Database / Data Persistency Service is a new platform component that is designed to serve as a data repository for Run-time data that needs to be persistent. As a stand-alone ONAP component, this project provides data layer services to other ONAP platform components and use cases that require persistent configuration or operational data. The R6 development will be enhanced as well.

BUSINESS IMPACT - The ability for service operators to visualize and manage data in a RAN network (PNFs, VNFs, and logical constructs) with ONAP is a critical business function because they are key Life Cycle Management (LCM) and OA&M operations. The project has business impacts to enhance the operation of data-handling within ONAP by providing efficient data layer services.

BUSINESS MARKETS - This project applies to any domain (wireless, transport, optical, and wireline) that ONAP may manage. It is not a market or geographical specific capability. It is expected that scaled ONAP installations such as Edge & Core ONAP deployments will also deploy the database across each installation.

FUNDING/FINANCIAL IMPACTS - This project represents a large potential Operating Expense (OPEX) savings for operators because of the ability to configure networks saving time and expenses.

ORGANIZATION MGMT, SALES STRATEGIES - There is no additional organizational management or sales strategies for this use case outside of a service providers "normal" ONAP deployment and its attendant organizational resources from a service provider.
### Data Persistency Service / RunTime Config DB Use Case

1) **REPOSITORY** - The types of data that is stored in the Run-Time data storage repository for:
   1. **CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS** used by xNFs in run time. For example 5G Network run-time instance configuration information.
   2. **OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS** used by ONAP and xNFs. Exo-inventory information is information that doesn't belong in A&AI.

2) **DATA LAKE** - It is designed to be a common services data layer which can serve as a data lake.

3) **SYNCING** - The RunTime DB enables the ability to sync data between ONAP & the xNFs. (The source of truth can be define).

### R7 CANDIDATE ENHANCEMENTS

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</table>
| **Controller**             | 1. Provide yang model and database schema setup.  
                             | 2. NetConf “path” - PNF through Netconf to update database. |
| **DCAE**                   | 1. Using the 3GPP Standards-defined VES Event to send Configuration data  
                             | 2. VES listener update/DCAE Pathway for 3GPP config notification  
                             | 3. DMaaP Development to publish on 3GPP-Provisioning NameSpace |
| **Modeling**               | Design time support for dynamic database schema setup |
| **A&AI**                   | A&AI Element Sync (new/delete xNF, initial “getall”) |
| **Database Development**   | API Updates, Interface to CPS Database. |
| **New Platform Component**| Configuration & Persistency Service (CPS) would be its own Platform Component in R7 Project proposal |


Objective: Demonstrate e2e slice design, creation, activation, deactivation and termination - including RAN, Core and Transport slice sub-nets. Demonstrate KPI monitoring, simple Closed Loop Control & Intelligent Slicing.

- Design and pre-provision: Creation of necessary slice/slice sub-net templates.
- Creation, activation, deactivation and termination of NSI, including its constituent slice sub-nets (RAN, Core and Transport).

Ref.: 3GPP TS 28.530
R7 Network Slicing is looking to provide: (1) a full E2E Slicing solution involving RAN and Transport NSSMF, and connecting to external Core NSSMF. (2) KPI monitoring and Closed Loop Control (3) Intelligent Slicing (4) Standardized interfaces (5) Model enhancements, AAI schema updates 1:1 mapping between NSI and NSSI
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<tr>
<td>PNF PRE-ONBOARDING &amp; ONBOARDING</td>
<td>PNF Package delivery, Pre-onboarding and PNF Onboarding via SDC.</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PNF PLUG AND PLAY</td>
<td>PNF PnP handles the PNF discovery and registration by ONAP during installation &amp; commissioning. PRH (PNF Registration Handler) enhancements</td>
<td>E2E Use Case</td>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xNF S/W UPGRADE</td>
<td>PNF Software upgrade to update the software on a PNF. Use of Ansible/NetConf direct to PNF.</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMPv2</td>
<td>Certificate Management Protocol (Will be presented in its own Lecture at the Virtual Face to Face)</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. **PNF Package Delivery**: Vendor creates & delivers PNF Package with PNF artifacts

2. **PNF Pre-Onboarding**: VNF-SDK (xNF SDK) to (create) PNF Onboarding Package & validates of PNF onboarding package

3. **PNF Onboarding package**: Package loaded

4. **SDC**: NF OB Package > SDC catalog

5. **ONAP RT Components**: Ingest and use CSAR package

**Package Delivery**: Vendor creates & delivers PNF Package with PNF artifacts

**Onboarding**: VNF-SDK (xNF SDK) to (create) PNF Onboarding Package & validates of PNF onboarding package

**Design Time**: SDC Catalog

**Run Time**: SO, AAI, DCAE etc.
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - This requirement enhances the PNF Pre-onboarding use case. This requirement introduces package security Option2 improvements on Signature per artifact on the Vendor delivered package as defined in ETSI NFV SOL004 v2.7.1. The validation of onboarded PM dictionary data based on schema information will be done. (What is added from existing functionality)?

BUSINESS IMPACT - The enhancement to Onboarding & Pre-onboarding is a critical business function because they are vital to design-time operation to properly onboard vendor packages.

BUSINESS MARKETS - This project applies to any domain (wireless, transport, optical, and wireline) that ONAP may manage.

FUNDING/FINANCIAL IMPACTS - The PNF Onboarding & Pre-onboarding use case has Operating Expense (OPEX) savings for operators because of the ability to saving time and expenses during installation and commissioning of PNF resources.

ORGANIZATION MGMT, SALES STRATEGIES - There is no additional organizational management or sales strategies for this use case outside of a service providers "normal" ONAP deployment and its attendant organizational resources from a service provider.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options</th>
<th>Digest per artifact</th>
<th>Signature per artifact</th>
<th>Support external artifacts</th>
<th>Signature as part of the manifest file</th>
<th>External Signature file for the whole CSAR</th>
<th>Certificate may be part of the signature</th>
<th>Certificate may be in a separate file</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Option 1</td>
<td>Yes (mandatory)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option 2</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes (mandatory)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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</table>

The X.509 certificate may contain one single signing certificate or a complete certificate chain. The root certificate that may be present in this X.509 certificate file shall not be used for validation purposes. Only trusted root certificate pre-installed in NFVO shall be used for validation (see clause 5.1).
This Use Case will introduce the support for PNF pre-onboarding (PNF Package, PNF descriptor support) and PNF onboarding (SDC, Design Time, PNF-SDK).
PNF Package delivery by vendor (during Pre-onboarding activities) and PNF Onboarding via SDC in Dublin.

![Wiki Link](https://wiki.onap.org/pages/viewpage.action?pageId=81407399)

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| VNF-SDK (PNF-SDK)         | **ETSI SOL004 alignment:**  
- Package Validation enhancements notable Package security (option 2 security on entire package)  
- Signatures Hashchecks per artifact (applicable for both Option 1 & 2) – in R4/R5/R6 signature Hashcheck may exist for option 1.  
- License Model Check (not applicable for PNF, only for VNF #@#). |
PNF PLUG AND PLAY U/C Overview

**Design Time**

1. **PNF Modeling**
   - Resources Definition/Services Definition
   - SDC: PNF (physical element) Modeling
   - Distribution of types

2. **PNF Instance Declaration**
   - PNF Infrastructure Service Declaration
   - First part of PNF instantiation
   - PNF A&AI Entry created

3. **PNF Boot-strapping**
   - PNF Powers up and Boot-straps
   - PNF performs a “Plug and Play” procedure
   - Equipment vendor proprietary steps

**Run-Time (Instances)**

4. **PNF Contacts ONAP**
   - PNF connects to ONAP via a Registration Event
   - PNF Registration Handler (PRH) processes the event

5. **PNF Activation**
   - Connection points configured
   - Second part of PNF service instantiation
   - PNF configured and ready to provide service
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - This requirement will augment the work-flow to building block management within SO for Plug and Play operation. The continues the work started in R6. The description of the "base" work which will be enhanced is shown in the wiki: PNF PLUG and PLAY in R6 Frankfurt

BUSINESS IMPACT - The enhancement to Plug and Play operation in ONAP is a critical business function because they enhance installation and commissioning activities.

BUSINESS MARKETS - This project applies to any domain (wireless, transport, optical, and wireline) that ONAP may manage.

FUNDING/FINANCIAL IMPACTS - The plug and play project has Operating Expense (OPEX) savings for operators because of the ability to saving time and expenses during installation and commissioning and contributes towards ZTM (Zero touch management).

ORGANIZATION MGMT, SALES STRATEGIES - There is no additional organizational management or sales strategies for this use case outside of a service providers "normal" ONAP deployment and its attendant organizational resources from a service provider.
This Use Case will continue PNF Plug and Play development started in R3 Casablanca. Functionality that was started but not completed, and introduce some enhancements to improve Plug and Play operation.

https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/R7+PNF+Plug+and+Play+PnP

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<tr>
<td>AAF / CMPv2</td>
<td>Security enrollment enhancements integration with DCAE. Code merging with OOM. Using CMPv2. R6 REQ-140 (see later slides)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO</td>
<td>Service configuration to PNF by controller (Step 37) NetConf. Impact to inventory (A&amp;AI) BB based W/F connected to Configuration Steps to integrate &amp; complete.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Licensing Management</td>
<td>Enhancements for requesting License Key File (LKF) &amp; Licenses from License Service (message exchange)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Design time
- Updating the xNF resource template using vendor provided new onboarding package
- Updating and distributing the network service template with the updated resource template

Run Time: executing a new service level workflow
- Upgrading a service instance and its resource instances based on the updated templates
- Updating the xNF schema (e.g. software version, artifacts) at xNF instance software upgrade completion
- Updating the network service schema at network service upgrade completion
Support xNF Software Upgrade in association to schema update
A schema update in relation to a xNF software upgrades is a routine for network upgrade to support new xNF features, improve efficiency or increase xNF capacity on the field, and to eliminate bugs. This use case provides to ONAP an advantage in orchestrating and managing the Life Cycle of a Network Services in-line with business and service objectives
Key Contacts: Zu Qiang (Ericsson), Lukasz Rajewski (Orange), Ajay Mahimkar (AT&T), Chris Rapposelli-Manzo

https://wiki.onap.org/pages/viewpage.action?pageId=81400388

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>R7 CANDIDATE ENHANCEMENTS</th>
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<tr>
<td>SDC</td>
<td>Updating the xNF resource template from a vendor provided new onboarding package</td>
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<tr>
<td>SO</td>
<td>Introducing a new service level workflow</td>
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<td>• Upgrading a service instance and its resource instances based on the updated templates</td>
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<td>• Updating the network service schema at network service upgrade completion</td>
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CERTIFICATE MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL (CMP)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - This requirement improves ONAP Security with CMPv2. CMP is used by multiple operations including Plug and Play, and NetConf operation. In R6 CMPv2 Certificate Service and basic development was implemented. Integration with server & client to the certificate service will be completed. There are also two ONAP bordering clients to integrate with the certificate service with interfaces to (SDN-C = Done) and DCAE. DCAE interoperation with CMPv2. REQ-140

BUSINESS IMPACT - The enhancement to CMPv2 operation will improve security management within ONAP and affects multiple ONAP functions and use cases, including Plug and Play (PNF registration) and NetConf. As with all security functionality within ONAP, Security is a fundamental aspect of FCAPS, being the "S" for security management.

BUSINESS MARKETS - This project applies to any domain (wireless, transport, optical, and wireline) that ONAP may manage.

FUNDING/FINANCIAL IMPACTS - Potential OPEX savings with enhanced security to prevent breaches and prevent security compromises.

ORGANIZATION MGMT, SALES STRATEGIES - There is no additional organizational management or sales strategies for this use case outside of a service providers "normal" ONAP deployment and its attendant organizational resources from a service provider.
The Certificate Management Protocol (CMP) is an Internet protocol used for obtaining X.509 digital certificates in a public key infrastructure (PKI). It is described in RFC 4210 and is one of two protocols so far to use the Certificate Request Message Format (CRMF), described in RFC 4211, with the other protocol being Certificate Management over CMS (CMC), described in RFC 5273. An obsolete version of CMP is described in RFC 2510, the respective CRMF version in RFC 2511. CMP messages are encoded in ASN.1, using the DER method and usually transported over HTTP.

**CMP v2 (Certificate Management Protocol) Server & Client** (completed in R6)

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<tr>
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| CMP v2                     | Integration of bordering ONAP components – DCAE Enhancements in certificate in CMPv2:  
(a) DCAE team requests output artifacts should be configurable (P12, PEM)  
(b) Certificate renewal (Best effort) |