





Certification Demo and Basic Usage of CNTi Test Catalog





https://lfnetworking.org





Presenter: Martin Matyas

- Has been helping vendors to develop software-based telecom infrastructure for 20+ years
 - IMS, Openstack, VNF/CNF platforms
- Cloud-native applications
- CNTi active contributor since beginning of 2024





Cloud Native Telecom Initiative



Best Practices

- Documents cloud native and Kubernetes-native best practices for networking.
- Recommends vendor-neutral, foundational best practices.
- Collaborates with LF Networking projects.

Test Catalog

- Develops functional, nonfunctional, and end-to-end tests based on best practices.
- Creates a robust testing framework and infrastructure.
- Provides remediation on failed tests to help application developers.

Certification

- Built on the foundation of CNCF's CNF Certification program.
- Extended to address the needs of modern Cloud Native Network
 Functions.
- Self-executable and communityreviewed.



CNTi Certification (WIP)



- ➤ Aspirational Linux
 Foundation Networking
 program for certifying Cloud
 Native Network Functions
 (CNFs)
- ➤ Provides confidence to Communication Service Providers (CSPs) and Application Vendors that their applications follow best practices

- ➤ Uses **self-certification** approach using CNTi testsuite
- ➤ Runs on any Certified

 Kubernetes test environment
- ➤ Beta Certification free for any interested party

CNTI Test Catalog

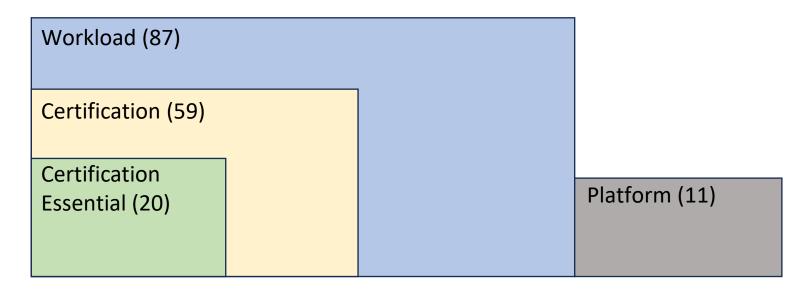








- >Test suite used for CNTi Beta Certification
- ➤ Collection of generic and telecom-oriented cloud-native test cases
- ➤ Validates telecom application's adherence to cloud native principles and best practices



CNTi Test catalog categories





Is CNF configuration done in a standard declarative way? Ex:

Helm Chart hardcoding Image tagging

Secrets



Does the CNF follow microservice principles?

Single process type Signal/zombie handling Startup time



State

Does the CNF follow storage principles?

Ex:

Volumes

Database

Node drain



Is the CNF secure enough?

Ex:

Privileges

Mounts SELinux

Compatibility, **Installability & Upgradability**

Will the CNF work in standard environment and with other products?

Ex:

Scaling Upgrade/rollback

Helm chart valid

Observability & **Diagnostics**

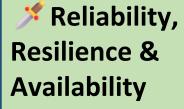
Is the CNF observable in a standard way?

Ex:

Logs

Tracing

Metrics



Does the CNF behave correctly in stressed environment?

Ex:

Network params

Probes

Memory/disk behavior



5G tests

Does the CNF follow 5G best practices?

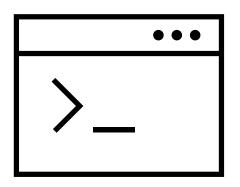
Ex:

SUCI

SMF/UPF heartbeat ORAN E2

Demo 1: CNTI Test Catalog





Certification steps (Beta)



1. Meet eligibility criteria

- Terms & Conditions
- Participation form
- Technical requirements

2. Run certification tests

- Follow test execution instructions
- Check results. If not fulfilling criteria -> adapt CNF and repeat

3. Submit results

Create a pull request to certification repo

4. Promote

- Landing page and landscape
- Certified LFN CNTi mark



Certification instructions







Certification Criteria



CNTi Certification 2.0 Beta



- 59 tests total across categories
- 20 tests considered as "essential"
- At least 15 of 20 "essential" tests must pass to comply





- > privileged_containers
 - containers should not run in privileged mode unless needed
- > non_root_containers
 - container services should not run root user/group
- > cpu_limits
 - containers should have CPU limits defined
- > memory_limits
 - containers should have memory limits defined
- > hostpath_mounts
 - volume host path configurations should not be used
- > container_sock_mounts
 - container runtime sockets should not be mounted as volumes
- > selinux_options
 - containers should use SELinux and should not have any 'seLinuxOptions' configured that allow privilege escalation





₩ • Microservice (4)

- > single_process_type
 - container has one process type
- > sig_term_handled
 - sigterm is handled by PID 1 process of containers
- > zombie_handled
 - zombie processes are handled/reaped by PID 1 process of containers
- > specialized_init_system
 - container images should use specialized init systems for containers

Compatibility (1)

- > increase_decrease_capacity
 - Horizontal Pod Autoscaling (HPA) up and down should work with pods







State (2)

- volume_hostpath_not_found
 - volume host path configurations should not be used
- ➤ node_drain
 - all workload resources are successfully rescheduled onto other available node(s)



Configuration (3)

- hostport_not_used
 - the hostPort configuration field is not found in any of the defined containers so they are not bind to a node
- > hardcoded_ip_addresses_in_k8s_runtime_configuration
 - no hardcoded IP addresses or subnet masks are found in the Kubernetes workload resources
- > latest_tag
 - The CNF should use an immutable tag that maps to a semantic version of the application





Resilience (2)

- > liveness
 - liveness probe configured for pods
- > readiness
 - readiness probe configured for pods

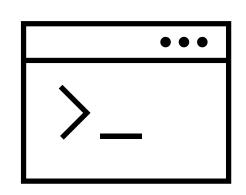


- **>** log_output
 - output logs should be sent to STDOUT/STDERR



Demo 2: Certification (Beta)











Questions and maybe answers



